*Ynglingasaga / Heimskringla*

[*https://heimskringla.no/wiki/Heimskringla\_(dansk)*](https://heimskringla.no/wiki/Heimskringla_(dansk))

*---------- Dagr spaki ----------*

-Dagr the Wise

*Dagr: Proud, Vengeful, Zealous. | Erudite Oracle. | Reckless. Scholar. Mystic. Genious. Killed by Wulfs.*

Wulfs (the thrall): *Tough Soldier. Strong.*

King of Svithjod. So wise he understood birds. The bird was killed in Reidgotaland, most likely where the Ostrogoth lived. He sacrificed to the Gods to find what happened to the bird. In anger and «gloryhungry»(hæderhungrigt) Foolishly killed by a thrall in an ambush.

*---------- Alrekr (ok Eiríkr) Dagssonar\*----------*

Alrekr: *Trusting, Diligent, Arrogant. | Tough Soldier |Athletic. Hastiluder (Horse). Killed by Eirikr*

Eirikr: *Wrathful, Deceitful, Diligent. | Tough Soldier | Athletic. Hastiluder (Horse). Disfigured (took a good beating I hope). Dynastic Kinslayer.*

Alrek becomes King of Svithjod. Alrek and his brother are both mighty men, big warriors and athletic. They rode horses, tamed them and raced each other. Eirikr beat Alrek to death with bridle bits.

*\*Older sources before Snorri like Islendigabók and Historia Norvegiæ has Alrek and Eirik following Dagr. And Agni after Alrek.*

*---------- Agni Skjálfarbondi\* Alreksson ----------*

Agni *«Skjalv-Husband»: Trusting, Arrogant, Lustful. | Tough Soldier. | Drunkard.*

Skjalvi*: Deceitful, Vengeful, Calm.|Intricate webweaver.*

*Logi:*

*Froste:*

Mighty and famous. Great warrior and generally competent. Went to raid Finland. Finns rallied under chieftain Froste. Agni killed Froste and defeated the Finns. Subjugated parts of Finland and took much loot. Took Skjalvi (girl) and Logi (boy), children of Froste. Tried to lay with Skjalv. She told him to hold graveale after her father. Agni had a great necklace and when he was drunk and fallen asleep, Skjalv hanged him with it from a tree by binding a rope to the necklace and have the Finns who were invited to the grave-ale hoist him up.

*\*Older sources before Snorri like Islendigabók and Historia Norvegiæ has Alrek and Eirik following Dagr. And Agni after Alrek.*

*---------- Yngvi (ok Alfr) Agnissonar ----------*

Yngvi: *Generous, Gregarious, Brave. | Skilled Tactician. | Reaver. Handsome. Athletic. Drunkard.*

Alfr «*Elfsi*»: *Shy, Deceitful, Paranoid. | Flamboyant Trickster. | Delicate. Irritable. Melancholic. Dynastic Kinslayer*

Bersa: *Gregarious, Honest, Callous. | Naive Appeaser*

Sons of Agni. Became kings of Svithjod. Yngvi was a great warrior and always victorious. Handsome and athletic. Generous and happy. Famous and popular. Alf never went on raids and stayed in the country. He was silent, powerhungry and unfirendly man. And was nicnamed «Elfsi» (no idea what that means). His mother was Dageid. She was daughter of Dag the Mighty. Alf had a wife, named Bera. She was pretty and very capable and cheerful. Yngvi came back from viking in Uppsala and he was famous. He sat often and drank in the evening. Alf often went early to bed. Bera (wife of Alf) often talked together with Yngvi. Alf mentioned this often and said that she should join him early in bed instead of him having to worry about her. Bera retorted that a woman who was happy, would rather have Yngvi than Alf. Alf got mad, because she often told him this. Alf came one night when Yngvi and Bera talked to each other. People were drunk and did not notice him enter. Alf proceeded to stab his brother with a sword, but Yngvi rose and stabbed Alf to death with his sword. Both died.

*---------- King Hugleik ---------- Unsure if should be Yngling*

Hugleik: Gluttonous*, Greedy, Gregarious. | Thrifty Clerk*

-Has two unnamed sons

Svipdag & Geigad (younger brothers of Hugleik): *Brave . | Tough Soldier. Formidable Banneret.*

Haki: *Ambitious, Brave, Vengeful | Brillint Strategist | Reaver. | Berserkir | Robust*

Hagbard: Ambitious, Brave | Skilled Tactitian

Starkad The Old (LEGENDARY HERO): *Brave, | Famous Champion* | Herculean \*TODO I need to read Gautrek Saga to fill out his traits\*

Son of Alf. Took the kingship, because Yngvi’s sons were children. He was no warrior and stayed at home. He was very rich, but greedy. Had a big court with musicians, seidmen and entertainers.

Haki and Hagbard were two brothers. Both famous and both sea kings with a great following. Sometimes they joined forces, other times they separated. Haki went alone with an army to Svithjod against King Hugleik. Hugleik rallied an army, and two of his brothers joined, Svipdag and Geigad, who were both famous and great champions. King Haki was also a great combatant, and he had 12 champions. Starkad the Old was one of them. The two armies met at Fyrisletten and King Hugleiks lost men quickly. Svipdag and Geigad sallied forth, but Hakis champion went six men towards each of them, and they were captured. Haki killed Hugleik and his two sons, and the Sviar fled. Haki became king of the Svithjod and was there in 3 years, while his champions went in viking, winning much spoil.

*---------- King Gudløg ---------- This is a Håløygjar*

*Gudløg Helgelandskonge:* Brave, Impatient, *«Guldets øder»? Overmot TODO*

*Eirik:* Brave, Arrogant, Sadistic |

*Jørund and Eirik were sons of King Yngvi. They were on their war ships and were great warriors. One time they raided danmark and met King Gudløg, which they battled. They cleared his ship and took him prisoner. They hanged him. For this they got famous.*

*---------- Jǫrundr ----------*

*Jørund:* Ambitious, Sadistic, Craven | Skilled Tactitian. | Raider

*Gyløg: Vengeful, Wroth, Zealous. | Charismatic Negotiator.*

*They found that King Haki in Svithjod had his champions sent away. So they sailed to Svithjod and gathered an army. The Sviar rallied to them once they heard Ynglings had come back. Haki and the brothers met and had battle. Haki had less men, but he fought so hard, that he killed everyone who was in his vicinity. He killed Eirik and hew down the brother’s banners. Jørund fledto the ship. King Haki had grave wounds, and he understood that he wouldn’t survive. He got a ship, filled it with dead men and weapons. He created a fire on the ship and was dead or nearly when he was laid on top of the fire.*

*Jørund became king of Uppsala. He ruled, but was often out raiding. One summer he want to Denmark and raided Jutland. Gyløg Helgelandsking, son of Gudløg came and fought Jørund. Jutlenders saw this and joined Gyløg’s side and swarmed Jørund. He tried to drown himself, but was captured. Gyløg then hanged Jørund.*

*---------- Aunn inn gamli ----------*

*ProtoNordic: Audawiniʀ*

*Aunn «The Old»: Zealous, Craven, Callous. | Insightful Thinker | Mystic | Whole of Body | Dynastic Kinslayer | Infirm*

*Son of Jørund. Became king of the Sviar. Wise. Great blóter. Not a warrior and stayed at home. At this time, Dan was Danmarks first King, followed by Frodi, followed by Halfdan and Fridleif who were great warriors. Halfdan was the oldest and the superior. He went to Svithjod against King Aunn. They fought several times and Halfdan won each time. King Aunn fled to Vestergautland. He had been king in Uppsala for 20 years, and stayed in Gautland for 20 years, for those years Halfdan was king in Uppsala. Halfdan died of sickness. Aunn was 60. He held a blót to extend his life by giving Odin his son. King Aunn got an answer from Odin that he would live for 60 years more. Aunn was king for 20 years. Then Åle the Brave, son of Fridleif came with his army. They battled and each time Åle won. Aunn ran to Vestgautland. Åle was king for 20 years, before Starkad the Old killed him. Aunn returned and held kingship for 20 years. He held another blot with another son. Odin said he would live eternally as long as he gave Odin one of his sons each 10th year. He sacrificed seven sons until he couldnt walk. Then he sacrificed another son and was bedridden. He sacrificed his 9th son 10 years after that and lived for 10 years and drank from a horn like a toddler. He had one son left. He wanted to sacrifice him to Odin and also give Uppsala and the holdings surrounding it and call it «Tenland». The Sviar forbid him that and he died of old age. Now «Åne-sott» is when someone dies from old age and not from sickness.*

*---------- Angantýr ----------*

Egil: Greedy, Deceitful, Craven. | Adequate Bargainer. | Hunter

Tunne: Gregarious, Deceitful, Ambitious. | Charismatic Negotiator. | Rough Terrain Expert

*Egil, son of Aunn became king. Not a warrior and stayed at home. Had a thrall called Tunne who had been Steward for Aunn. When Aunn died, Tunne stole coin which he buried. When Egil became king, he sent Tunne back to the other thralls. Tunne instead escaped with other thralls and he took the buried coins, gave it to the other thralls and they declared him chieftain. After that, bandits came to Tunne. They raided the provinces. Egil heard that and raised an army to find them. Tunne ambushed the army one night. Egil tried to rally his men to his banner to offer resistance, but they fled in great numbers. Egil had to flee himself. Tunne continued to raid. Egil gathered another army and battled Tunne. Tunne won. They met 8 times and Tunne won them all. King Egil fled to Danmark to Frodi the Bold on Sælland. He promised tax from the Sviars in return for help. He got an army and Frodi’s champions. They fought again and Tunne fell. Egil gave Frode gifts, but no taxes, yet he kept his friendshiip. Egil had power for 3 years after Tunne. A bull who was to be sacrificed was angry. When the people tried to catch it, it ran away into the forest. Here, he was a danger to the people. Egil was a hunter. He heard about the bull. He started to hunt it. The bull killed Egil.*

*---------- Óttarr vendilkráka ----------*

Óttarr «Vendelcrow»: Greedy, Honest, Arrogant. | Indulgent Wastrel. |

Frodi: Vengeful, Wroth, Brave | Skilled Tactitian. |

*Son of Egil. Not a friend of Frode. Frode sent people to demand taxes Egil had promised. Otarr declined. Frode was a great warrior. Frode went with his army to Svithjod and raided. The next year Frode raided the Baltics. Otarr heared about it and raided Danmark in* ***Vend****syssel. Frodi had two jarls, Vøt and Fasti who were to defend when Frodi was away. They rallied troops and surprised Ottar. Men died on both sides, but for each dane killed, another came from one of the provinces and took his place. Ottar fell with his army. The danes took his body, laid it on a haug so animals and birds could prey on it. The danes made a crow from wood and sent it to the Sviars, saying Ottar wasnt worth more than that. After that, Ottar was known as Vendcrow.*

*---------- Aðísl at Uppsölum ----------*

*Adisl: Lustful, Zealous, Generous| Midas Touched. | Winter Soldier | Hastiluder: Horse*

*Geirtjof: -*

*Ålof «The Mighty»: Honest, | Charismatic Negotiator*

Yrsa: *Trusting,* | Astute Intellectual. | Beatuful

Helgi: | Incestuous | Raider

Rolf «Kraki»:

*Åle of Upplond: | Hastiluder: Horse*

*Godgest (Håløyg?): | Hastiluder: Horse*

*Adisl was King Ottar son and took over. He was king for a long time and was very rich. He went on a few viking raids. Adils came with his army to Saxland where King Geirtjof and his wife Ålof the Mighty ruled. King Geirtjof was not in the country, so Adils plundered the King’s estates. They took thralls, among them a beatuful woman named Yrsa. She was wise and eloquent and generally competent. All the men liked her, but King Adils the most. He married her and Yrsa became queen.*

*King Helgi Halfdansson ruled in Lejre and came to Svithjod with a huge army. Adils fled. King Helgi raided and took Yrsa away to Lejre where he slept with her. Their son was Rolf Kraki. When Rolf was 3, Queen Ålof the Mighty came to Danark and told Yrsa that Helgi was her father and Ålof her mother. Then Yrsa went back to Sweden and was queen there as long as she lived.*

*King Helgi fell in a raid. Rolf Kraki was then 8 and became king. King Adils had a long war against King Åle the Uplonder from Norway. They fought on the ice at Vaneren, there and Åki was killed. This is talked about in Skjoldungs Saga. Adils had the best horse of the age. He took a horse from dead Åle and gave it to Godgest of Helgeland. Godgest died by falling off it in Åmd in Helgeland. King Adils was on a dise-blót and falled off his own horse. He is called «spellthrower» in the kvad.*

*----------Eysteinn ----------*

*Eysteinn: Trusting, Patient, Calm. | Consientious Scribe. | Logistician.*

*Sølve: Ambitious, Arrogant, Cynical. | Tough Soldier. | Flexible Leader.*

*Son of Adils. In his days Rolf Krake fell in Lejre. Svithjod was raided by many kings, both danish and Norwegian. Many sea kings lead great armies without land. Only those who never slept under roof or drank near a home’s fireplace could be called a sea king.*

*Sølve was a sea king, son of Høgne on Njardø who raided the Baltics. He ruled somewhere in Jutland. He lead his army to Svitjod. Eysteinn was visiting the country of Lovund. Sølve suprised him at night and attacked. He burned them inside with Eysteins whole army. Then he went to Sigtuna and claimed kingship, but the Sviar gathered an army to defend. King Sølve won and became king for a long time, until the Sviar revolted and killed him.*

*---------- Yngvarr inn Harra ----------*

-Yngvarr the Tall: *Brave, impatient, Honest. |Charismatic Negotiator. | Giant | raider*

Son of Eysteinn. King of Svithjod. Great warrior. Often «on war ships», being attacked by danes and Balts. Made peace with danes and raided the Baltics. Died in battle in Estland, most likely Ösel.

*---------- Brøt-Anundr----------*

-Anund «the Land Clearer». *Diligent, gregarious, Temperate. | Midas touched. | raider, high learning*

Peace in Svithjod. He got rich. Raided Estland like his father. Great harvests. The population liked him the most of all king. Went around on hospitality (gjestebud) trips around his domain.

*---------- Ingjaldr hinn illráði ----------*

*Ingjald: Wrathful, Ambitious, Deceitful. | Elusive Shadow | Irritable, Murderer*

*Åsa (daughter): Wrathful, Deceitful, Arbitrary*

*Granmar: Just, Forgiving, Zealous. | Adequate Bargainer |*

*Hildegun (daughter): Just, Trusting, Gregarious | Beautiful*

*Svipdag «The Blind»: Deceitful | Naive Appeaser | Mystic, Blind*

*Hjørvard: Gregarious, Lustful, Cynical | Adequate Bargainer*

*Ivar «Vidfavne»: Ambitious, Just, - | Brilliant Strategist. |*

*Son of Anund. Evil.Lived at the time of King Yngvar of Fjädrundaland. Yngvar had to sons, Alf and Agner. Almost as old as Ingjald. One winter when many had come to Uppsala, King Yngvar and his sons who were 6 were there. Alf and Ingjald played together. Ingjald was less strong than Alf, so Ingjald started to cry. Gøtvid, Ingjald’s fosterbrother came and took him to Svipdag, hist fosterfather. Svipdag heard what had happened and said that it was shameful that Ingjald was weaker. Svipdag cooked a wolf heart, after that Ingjald became terrible and the most wrothful of all. When Ingjald became an adult, Anund arranged a marriage with King Algøte of Gotland, (son of Gøtrik the Mild, son of Gøt), daughter Gøthild. Ingjald and Gøthild married.*

*King Anund traveled later between his farms with his bodyguard and came to Himmelfjellet, a mountain. A landslide came and buried him. Ingjald became King. After many years with kings, especially ever since Agne started with gavelkind, children of kings of children of kings had split their father’s kingdom. King Ingjald arranged a feast in Uppsala in honor of his dead father. He arranged a big hall with seven thrones and called it «Sevenking’s hall». He invited kings and jarls. There came Algøte, Yngvar and his two sons- Agner and Alf – and King Sporsnild of Närke and King Sigverk of Åttundaland. King Granmar of Södermannland did not come. Those six kings got a seat each. One was left empty. He made a Bragepromise that he would double his power in every direction or die. Later at night, people were drunk. Ingjad said to Folkvid and Hulvid, Svipdags sons tthat them and their men should arm themselves. They went out and set fire to the hall. All six kings burned to death. After this Ingjald took their kingdoms.*

*King Granmar heard about this, and he deduced that he too would be killed. That summer came King Hjørvard, called «Ylfing» to Svithjod. When Granmar heard this, he invited him. They had a feast. Granmar said to his daughter, Hildegun that she should make ready to fetch ale to the viking guests. She was beautiful. Against customs, Hjørvard and Hildegun spoke 1 on 1 that whole night. The day after, Hjørvard proposed to Hildegun. Granmar talked to his wife, Hild, and other powerful men. They all agreed to it and they wed. Later, Ingald gathered an army and wanted to attack father in law- and son. He got men from all his new domains. Granmar and Hjørvard got help from King Høgne with his son Hilder who ruled Óstergotland. Høgne was father of Hild, wife of king Granmar. They battled and Ingjald had the biggest army. It was a hard battle. Suddenly the chieftain of Ingjald’s new domains fled to their ships, but Svipdag «The Blind» and both sons- Gøtvid and Hulvid fell. Ingjald returned to Uppsala, disappointed in his army he had from his domains wasnt loyal. After this a great strife was between Ingjald and Granmar. Friends of them wanted them to make peace, which they made. This peace, it was said, would hold as long as the three kings lived, this they swore and bound by oath.*

*A couple of years later, Granmar went to Hjørvard’s farm on the Island Sile. King Ingjald came with his army one night. They surrounded their hall and burned them inside. Then he took the kingdom. Høgne and Hilde often rode through the old kingdom of Granmar and killed King Ingjald’s men.*

*King Ingjald had two children. Åsa the eldest, Oluf Tretelgja. Gøthild, Ingjalds wife sent Olaf to Bove, her fosterfather in Vestergotland where he grew up, together with Saxe «Flækker», Bove’s son. Ingjald killed 12 kings and betrayed them all. He was called Ingjald the Evil. Åsa married Gudrød in Skåne. She had her father’s temper. Åsa wanted that Gudrød should kill Halfdan, his brother. Halfdan was father to Ivar «Vidfavne». Åsa was behind the death of her husband Gudrød too.*

*Ivar Vidfavne came to Skåne after his uncle Gudrød’s death. Åsa «The Evil» had already fared to her father Ingjald. Ingjald was on gjestebud at Ræning when he Heard King Ivar’s army was near. Ingjald didn’t have the forces to battle. He realized that he would be surrounded if he fled. He and Åsa decided to get everyone drunk, then set fire to the hall and themselves. This has since become famous.*

*Ivar Vidfavne took the whole of Svithjod. He also took the whole of Danmark and a big part of Saxland, Austria and a fifth of England. From his ætt the danish and swedish kings are from. After Ingjald the evil, Ynglings lost the Uppsalareign.*

*---------- Óláfr trételgja----------*

*Olaf: Diligent, Cynical, Generous. | Fortune Builder | Shrewd |Governor | Gardener| Administrator*

*Son of Ingjald.* Went away when he heard of his father’s death. The Sviar revolted in hate of Ingjald and his ætt. Olaf went to Nærke. Sviar there chased him away. He went west to Venern and cleared land there. They called the new county «Værmland». When the Sviar heard of what he’d done, they laughed and called him Tretelgja. Olaf got a wife named Solveig or Sølva, daughter of Halfdan Goldtooth from Solør. Halfdan was son of Sølve, son of Sølve the Old who cleared Solør. Olaf’s mother was Gøthild, her mother was Ålof, daughter of Olaf the Sharpsighted, king of Nærke. Olaf and Sølva had two sons, Ingjald and Halfdan. Halfdan grew up in Solør at his uncle, also called Sølve. He was called Halfdan Hvitbeinn.

Many folks, especially criminals from Svithjod arrived to Værmland, so many they started lacking food, something that got reflected on the King’s luck. Olaf was not big on sacrifices. The Sviar were convinced this was causing the food shortage. They gathered men, went to Olaf and burned him inside and gave him to Odin. The smart ones of the Sviar(lol) realized that the cause of the food shortage were too many people, so they gathered an army and went westwards. They killed King Sølve and took Halfdan Hvitbein and appointed him chieftain and gave him kingship over Solør. He then went to Romerike and won the fylki.

*---------- Hálfdan hvítbeinn----------*

*Halfdan: Ambitious, Gregarious, Just. | Skilled Tactitian*

Mighty king. Married to Åsa, daughter of the Opplandking Eystein Hardråde of Hedmark. They had two sons- Eysteinn and Gudrød. Halfdan won much of Hedemark, Toten, Hadeland and much of Vestfold. He became an old man and died of sicknes in Toten and then hauglagt at Vestfold by Skiringssal at Skærnes. Popular king, people got sad when he died.

Ingjald, Halfdans brother was king in Værmland, bbut after his dead Halfdan took Værmland and appointed Jarls there.

*---------- Eysteinn Hálfdansson ----------*

*Eysteinn: Calm, Impatient, Trusting | Raider*

*Skjold: | Mastermind Philosopher |Mystic | Witch*

*Eysteinn, son of Halfdan was king in Raumariki and Vestfold. Married Hild, daughter of Erik Agnarson, king of Vestfold. Agnar, Eriks father, was son of Sigtryg who were king of Vendel. King Erik did not have any sons, he died when Halfdan lived, so Halfdan and Eystainn took the whole of Vestfold. Eystein ruled Vestfold as long as he lived.*

*There was a king at Varna named Skjold (Byleists broderdatter). He was really trollkyndig. King Eysteinn went with some ships to Værna and raided. When King Skjold came to the beach with his army, Eysteinn had already went away, but Skjold could see his sails. He sent a spell and when Eysteinn sailed by Jarlsøy, he was hit by the a passing ship’s sail.*

*---------- Hálfdan hinn mildi ok hinn matarilli ----------*

*Halfdan: Generous, Brave, Cynical. | Viking*

Son of Eysteinn. Called «The Money generous and food stingy» since he gave people in as much weight in gold other people gave weight in silver, but offered little to no food. Great warrior, often in viking winning loot. Married to Liv, daughter of King Dag in Vestmar. Died of sickness.

*---------- Guðrøðr veiðikonungr ----------*

*Gudrød: Lustful, Callous, Gregarious. |*

*Åsa: Honest, Deceitful, Vengeful | Intricate Webweaver | Murderer*

*Harald: Honest, Trusting*

*Son of Halfdan. Called «The great», others called him «Hunter-King». He had a wife named Alfhild, daughter of king Alfarin from Alffheim. He got Olaf Geirstadalf with her. When she died, he wanted to marry Åsa, daughter of Harald redbeard from Agder. Harald said no. Gudrød gathered an army and went to Agder. He surprised Harald at night, had a battle and killed Harald and Gyrd, his son. He took King Åsa and married her. They had a son named Halfdan. The year after, Gudrød was on gjestebud. He was drunk and was ran through with a spear by Queen Åsa’s servant, and she did not denied that it had happened on her command.*

*---------- Olaf Geirstadalf ----------*

*Olaf «Geirstadalf»: Zealous, Generous, Just | Tough Soldier| Handsome*

*Høgne Eysteinsson: Ambitious*

*Mighty man and great warrior. Handsome and great build. Had Vestfold, while King Alfgeir took Vingulmark and gave to Gandalf, his son. The oppland king Eystein had a son named Høgne. He took whole of Hedemark, Toten and Hadeland. Then Værmland also made themselves independent from the Gudrødssons and they turned to the Sviar king instead. Olaf was in the 20’s when Gudrød died and Halfdan, his brother took the power. Then they split the kingdom. Olaf goth the western part and Halfdan the southern. Olaf had his seat in Geirstad (Tjølling or Gjerstad), at least ruler of Vestmar.*

*---------- Ragnvald Heidumhedre ----------*

*Ragnvald: Arrogant, Zealous, Gregarious.*

*Tjodolf «of Kvine»: Zealous, Calm, Diligent| Charismatic Negotiator | Poet*

*Son of Olaf, became king in Vestfold after his father. Was called «Highly-Honoured». Tjodolf from Kvine made the poem called «Ynglingatal» about him and all his ancestors.*

*---------- Halfdan the Black ----------*

*Halfdan: Just, Impatient, Ambitious. | Tough Soldier*

*Gandalf: Just, Patient, Zealous. | Astute Intellectual | Witch*

*Sigtrygg Eysteinsson: Wroth, Vengeful, Paranoid. | Indulgent Wastrel |*

*Eystiein Eysteinsson: Vengeful, Stubborn, Gregarious. | Misguided Warrior*

*Gudbrand Herse: Honest, Compassionate, Eccentric. | Thrifty Clerk.*

*Guttorm Gudbrandsson: Honest, Gregarious, Diligent. | Tough Soldier. |Intelligent.*

*Hallvard Tjener: Honest, Just, Cynical. | Charismatic Negotiator.*

*Harald Gullskjegg: Compassionate, Just, Chaste. | Naive Appeaser*

*Ragnhild Haraldsson: Compasisonate, Calm, Shy*

*Guttorm: Compassionate,*

*Atle «Den Mjøve»: Wroth, Shy, Temperate. | Naive Appeaser.*

*Ølve «Den Kloke»: Just, Zealous, Patient. | Insightful Thinker*

*Torleif «Den Kloke»: Zealous, Content, Diligent. | Mastermind Philosopher*

*Hysing Gandalfsson: Deceitful, Impatient, | Tough Soldier*

*Helsing Gandalfsson Deceitful, Cynical, | Flamboyant Trickster*

*Haki Gandalfsson: Craven? Vengeful,*

*Sigurd Hjort: Just, Gregarious, Brave. Handsome 2, Strong | Hunter*

*Haki Berserk: Wroth, Impatient, Sadistic. | Tough Soldier. | Berserker (Last year: Wounded, Maimed)*

*Hårek «Gand»(Tryllestav): Just, Honest, Humble. | Tough Soldier. |*

*\*uncertain years\**

*ABOUT HALFDAN’S FAMILY AND HEIRS.*

*REVISED FROM THE OBVIOUSLY FAKE SAGA AND FIXING HARALDS TRUE MOTHER. FOR MORE INFORMATION, LOOK UP RAGNHILD HARALDSDAUGHTER VS RAGNHILD SIGURDSDAUGHTER. THESE ARE MY INTERPRETATION OF POSSIBLE YEARS*

*“Halvdan den Sorte fik en kone, som hed Ragnhild, en datter af Harald Guldskæg; han var konge af Sogn.”*

842-47 – King Halfdan marries Ragnhild, daughter of Harald Goldenbeard

*“De fik en søn, som kong Harald opkaldte efter sig, og denne dreng voksede op i Sogn hos sin morfar — kong Harald”*

848 – Harald Fairhair is born

854 – Harald Goldbeard is sick and without a son, gives Harald Fairhair Sogn kingdom and dies shortly after

855 – Ragnhild Haraldsdaughter dies the following winter

ABOUT HALFDAN’S COURTIERS

-Ølve den kloke (died 843), Halfdan’s foster father

-Hårek Tryllestav (Gand, Wand)

-Torleif den Kloke (Wise)

-Sigurd Hjort, Ragnhild and Guttorm.

*“the local Annals of Angoulême (Annales Engolismenses) and the later derivative Limousin version called the Chronicle of Aquitaine (Chronicon Aquitanicum) say that the Northmen who sacked Nantes were Westfaldingi”. No evidence Halfdan the Black was here, but kinsmen and friends highly possible, look into Hoen Hoard close- or withing Halfdans Kingdom*

843 – Vikings from Vestfold attacks Nantes, France with 67 warships.

BIOGRAPHY

*"Halvdan var ét år gammel, da hans far døde"*

818 - Halfdan the black is born

819 - Gudrød the Hunter dies

*"Åsa — hans mor — tog ham straks med til Agder, hvor hun slog sig ned i det land, som hendes far havde haft."*

819 - Halfdan, 1 year is taken back to Agder and grows up there while Åsa, his mother rules.

*"Da han var 18 år gammel, overtog han kongedømmet i Agder; han rejste straks til Vestfold og skiftede riget dér med sin bror — Olav."*

836 - Halfdan, 18 years old, returns to Vestfold. Splits Vestfold with his brother Olaf Geirstadalf. Halfdan (probably) gets the northern part.

*“Samme efterår\* drog han med en hær mod kong Gandalf i Vingulmark; de udkæmpede mange slag og skiftedes til at sejre, inden de forligtes, således at Halvdan skulle have den halvdel af Vingulmark, som hans far — Gudrød — før havde haft.”*

841 - King Halfdan, wanting to reclaim his birthright (Half of Vingulmark), invades and subjugates Vingulmark, starting a war with Gandalf

842 - King Halfdan and Gandalf fights many battles, but no side gains the clear advantage. Peace is made, and Halfdan gains half of Vingulmark.

\*Nah, No 18 year old can claim a kingdom and immediately go to war, some civil wars/consolidation is needed.

*"Derefter drog Halvdan til Romerike og underlagde sig det. "*

847 - King Halfdan subjugates half of Raumarike from King Sigtrygg of Heidmark

\*HISTORICAL PROBLEM. Vingulmark and Raumarike are both represented by Vingulmark in the game :/

*"Det hørte kong Sigtryg... det blev en hård kamp, som Halvdan vandt. Under flugten blev kong Sigtryg ramt af en pil under den venstre arm, hvilket blev hans død."*

848 - King Sigtrygg Øysteinsson hears about it, rallies troops against Halfdan. Loses and is killed by an arrow hitting his left arm's artery when he flees. King Halfdan takes the rest of Romerike

*"En anden af kong Øisteins sønner hed Øistein; han var kong Sigtrygs bror. "*

848 - Øystein Øysteinsson, brother of Sigtrygg inherits Heidmark and becomes King.

*"Da Halvdan var taget ud til Vestfold, fór kong Øistein med sin hær til Romerike, hvor han lagde meget af landet under sig. "*

853\* - King Øystein, wanting to avenge his brother Sigtrygg (and certainly retake Raumarike) subjugates Raumariket right after King Halfdan returns to Vestfold

\*Again, adding 5 years of consolidation

*"Halvdan den Sorte hørte, at der var ufred i Romerike. Han samlede da en hær og drog mod kong Øistein. De kæmpede; Halvdan sejrede og Øistein flygtede op i Hedemark."*

854 - King Halfdan battles King Øystein and wins and subjugates Raumarike. King Øystein flees to Hedmark

*"Halvdan fór med sin hær efter ham til Hedemark, hvor de kæmpede igen og Halvdan sejrede."*

854 - King Halfdan battles King Øystein in Hedmark and wins.

*"Øistein flygtede nordpå til Dalene, hvor han kom til Gudbrand Herse; "*

854 - King Øystein flees to his herse Gudbrand in Gudbrandsdal.

*"her samlede han en flok og tog siden om vinteren ud til Hedemark”*

855 - King Øystein gathers a new army in the winter. Herse Gudbrand joins together with his son Guttorm, who was considered one of the finest and most promising men in Oppland.

*“ hvor han traf Halvdan den Sorte på den store ø, der ligger i Mjøsen. Dér kæmpede de og der faldt mange mænd på begge sider, men Halvdan sejrede."*

855 - King Halfdan battles King Øystein in Hedmark on the island Helgøya\* in Mjøsa and wins after a hard and bloody battle. Guttorm, son of Herse Gudbrand is slain.

*\*FUNFACT, just outside Øystein's family farm and king's seat Hovinsholm on Helgøya is a field called Mannlausa where there is found 3 swords, 1 axe, spearheads, knives and arrowheads. On the island there are five burial mounds, one of which is rumored to house Guttorm.*

*“Så sendte han sin slægtning Hallvard Tjener til kong Halvdan for at søge forlig, og for slægtskabs skyld gav Halvdan det halve Hedemark til Øistein.“*

855 - King Øystein negotiates a peace through his kinsman Hallvard Tjener

855– King Halfdan gets half of Hedmark in the negotiations (Hadafylki)

*“Kong Halvdan drog om efteråret ud til Vingulmark...* ved midnat kom den mand til ham, som havde holdt hestevagt, og sagde, at en hær var kommet nær gården … *Da ankom Gandalfs sønner — Hysing og Helsing — med et stort følge. Træfningen blev stor, og fordi kong Halvdan var i undertal, flygtede han til skovs og mistede mange mænd; der faldt Ølve den Kloge — kong Halvdans plejefar. “*

856 – King Halfdan travels to his part of Vingulmark, is attacked by Gandalf’s sons Hysing and Helsing

*“Efter det samledes en flok om kong Halvdan; han eftersporede da Gandalfssønnerne og traf dem på Eid ved Øieren. De kæmpede, og der faldt Hysing og Helsing, men deres bror — Hake — undslap.”*

855 – King Halfdan rally forces and battles the Gandalf brothers, kills Hysing and Helsing in a battle.

*“Herpå underlagde kong Halvdan sig hele Vingulmark, mens Hake flygtede til Alvheim.”*

856 – King Halfdan annex whole of Vingulmark, Haki flees to Alfheim

*“kolorten var faldet på isen og havde dér i solvarmen gjort den usikker — og da kongen passerede over dér, brast isen under ham, og dér druknede kong Halvdan og mange folk med ham. Han var da 40 år gammel”*

858 – King Halfdan, 40, drowns in Randsfjorden

*---------- Harald Luva ----------*

*Guttorm: Honest, Content, Diligent. | Skilled Tactitian | Administrator*

*Høgne Eysteinsson: Vengeful, Ambitious, Cynical |*

*Frodi Eysteinsson: Vengeful, Generious, Wroth.*

*Høgne Kåresson: Honest, Just, Trusting.*

*Haki Gandalfsson: Ambitious, Patient, Deceitful*

*858: Harald takes over 10 years old. Guttorm becomes leader of the hird, commander, and regent of the kingdom. Halfdan’s death spreads, and neighours uses the power vacuum to attack. King Gandalf, then Høgne and Frode of King Eysteinn of Hedemark- and Høgne Kåresson. Haki attacked by land, King Gandalf by a landing. Guttorm defeated Haki and killed him. Then returned to Vestfold and fought Gandalf and defeated him, making him flee back to Alfheim. This made the sons of Eystein uneasy, knowing retribution would come, and they rallied an army and called for Høgne Kåresson and Gudbrand Herse and meet in Ringsaker.*